

Planning – an integrated management of dynamic change processes'

Presenting to: the Regional Studies Association Presented by: Dalia Lichfield Barch. MSc Pl. Date: 23 Nov. 2012



Environment Planning Management

Key Questions, inter-related :

Smart Growth:

- For whose benefit?
- How is it defined?
- How can it materialise?



Life is reliant on interactions !

For example:

Economic growth relies on:

 Financial investment; Human capital; Transportation; Housing; Land availability; *etc.*

Growth of human capital relies on:

 Enlightened Women; Education; Social environment; Housing; etc.

Nothing happens in isolation



Planning for Growth ? Consider the meaning of words

- Growth and decline = a process of urban/regional change
- Economic; Social; etc. = *abstract spheres*
- Real Changes = interactions of 'Active Stakeholders' in these spheres
- Real Impacts = experience of 'Recipient Stakeholders'



Smart Management of Growth

- Good Management = Understanding systemic
 inter-action of components
- Harder than managing factories...

....and more important !

- Obvious?
- Yet often neglected:
- Consequences Inefficiency; Waste, injustice



The issue of Compartmentalism: 'Silo' thinking and action

Why?

- Information: 'more & more about less & less'
- **Departmentalism**: in Academia, Governance, Private-sector
- **Competitiveness**: for market profit, for personal security
- Performance standards: focus on the measurable, in one field
- Sectoral objectives within Public and Private sectors
- Planning focus: 'Policy Objectives' not 'causes and outcomes'



Long standing awareness – but inadequate action

- EC Spatial Planning drive 1983 little progress
- UK Single Regeneration Budget separate chapters bound together
- UK Localism ignores local & Regional interactions
- Research of outcomes not of causes
- Public / Private sectors' conflict, not collaboration
 Need for a shared concept and approach



The Key Questions – Basic answers :

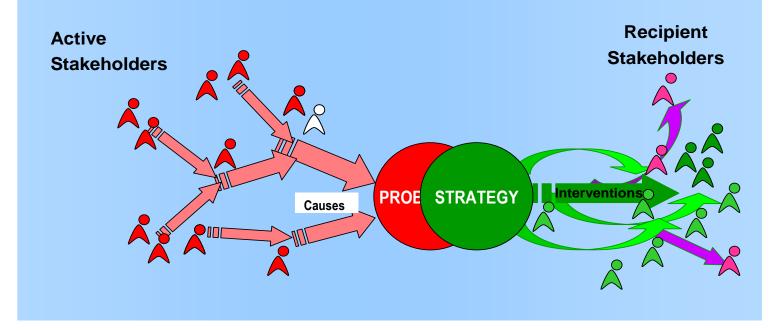
Smart Growth:

- For whose benefit?
 - People's diverse needs -
- How can Growth be perceived ?
 - A Dynamic process of change in interrelated spheres, not just 'Economy'
- How can it be planned?
 - Joined-up thinking and integrated management of urban/regional dynamics



Dynamic Planning - Developing a shared concept -

Identifying the *interactive causes* of change, & Active Stakeholders behind them



Intervention starts an *interactive process* – in addition to achieving **objectives** it will have **side effects**, with *beneficial* impacts on some people, *adverse* impacts on others.



Community Impact Analysis (CIA – CIE) Nat Lichfield's aid to evaluation

A social benefit/cost analysis of all impacts (Beneficial & Adverse; monetised & non monetised) ON all people Comparing the distribution of impacts of 'Approval' of a plan against those of 'Refusal' Seeks to maximise Net Social Benefit Does not judge proposals just on 'non compliance with Policies '



Application of Dynamic PI. & CIA/E

Urban Regeneration projects The Niger Delta Region Development Strategy Ashkelon town of dispossessed immigrants Airports in context Regional transport systems



The Bottom Line

Smart Growth requires a Conceptual foundation + Practical methods

- Understanding interactive processes of change
- Mutual recognition of the relevant Stakeholders
- Methods for 'joined-up- thinking & Evaluation

The concepts and methods exist. The will is yet to come



Now over to You:

- Does it make sense?
- Have you experienced :
 - Frustration at disjointed plans / action ?
 - Truly integrated strategies and collaborative action? If so what made it possible?



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