#### RSA Winter Conference 27 November 2014, London, UK

# A UN Urban Agenda on top of local, national and EU urban policies!

How does it work and what should be the added value?

Dr. Ulrich Graute

Politicians and experts assign a key role to cities and local governance in the agenda implementation process.

## The road to global sustainability runs through the world's cities and towns

UN Secretary General Ban Ki-Moon's remarks to 'Cities Leadership Day', Rio de Janeiro Brazil, 21 June 2012

Metropolitan areas and local governments will be at the center of decision-making and therefore need to be empowered,...

(SDSN Report, page 19)

Cities are where the battle for sustainable development will be won or lost.

(HLP of Eminent Persons Report, page 17)

Unfortunately, the key role is not backed by appropriate implementation provisions.

Nothing contained in the present Charter shall authorize the United Nations to intervene in matters which are essentially within the domestic jurisdiction of any state or shall require the members to submit such matters to settlement under the present Charter.

**UN Charter, Art 2,7** 

"Inspirational character of the Agenda"

Jeffrey Sachs, SDSN

"(...) it is beyond the scope of this report to propose options for the Reform of the UN, but the Panel calls for every step to be taken to improve coordination (...). "

> (HLP of Eminent Persons Report, page 21)

Mind the gap between high expectations and the lack of implementation provisions.

Metropolitan areas and local government have to get ready for the new agenda.

### How to Bridge the Gap?

- 1. SDG need appropriate implementing provisions

  The Agenda in general but specifically an urban SDG like the proposed focus area 'Sustainable cities and human settlements' require implementing provisions.
- 2. NUPs as the linkage between global agenda and local implementation
  - NUPs gain relevance and need to balance high expectations towards cities and local governance with responsibilities of the state.
- 3. Strengthen capacities of local governments

  Local service delivery with a global voice

#### What needs to be done?

#### 1. SDG need appropriate implementing provisions

- Substantiate challenges for local governments and risks for the agenda if local governments are left without an enabling environment
- ➤ UN-Habitat and partners continue to advocate and support <u>SDG formulation and safeguarding of finances</u> of <u>SDG</u> (e.g. HLPF, OWG)
- Further strengthening of <u>co-operation</u> with international partners (WB, OECD, UCLG, ICLEI, DG Regio, EU CoR, CoE, AU, RSA, AESOP...)

#### What needs to be done?

- 2. NUPs as the linkage between global agenda and local implementation
  - ➤ Discuss the increased <u>need for NUPs</u> due to the requirements of the Agenda
  - Develop a <u>model NUP</u> to support NUP development at the national level
  - Carry out <u>pilot actions</u>, inform, advocate and support consensus finding

#### What needs to be done?

#### 3. Strengthen capacities of local governments

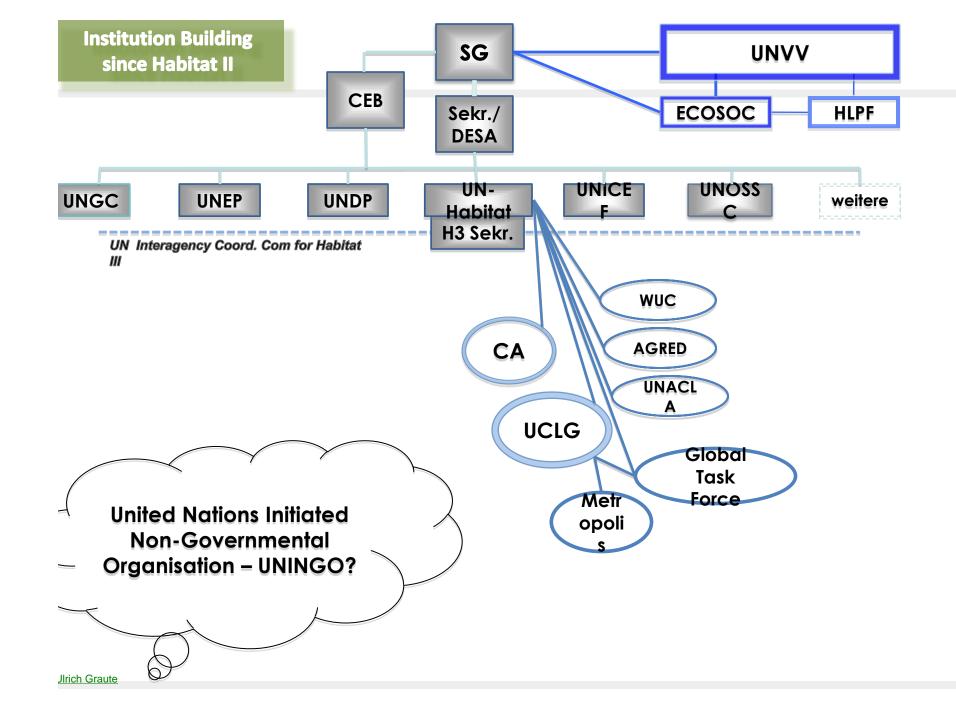
- Capacity building for local stakeholders involved in agenda implementation at the local level and its coordination at the inter-municipal, national and international level
- Development of models and tools for capacity building (e.g. co-financed by national partners)
- Pilot actions
- Safeguarding funding for capacity building

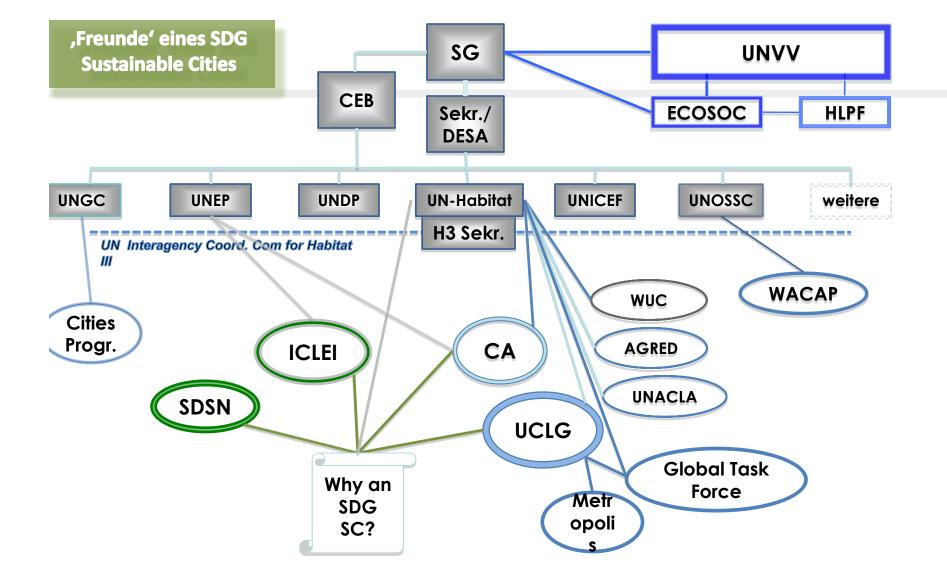
### When?

- 2014 and 2015: Implementing provisions and capacities need to be developed <u>in parallel</u> to the ongoing Agenda setting
- 2016:
   Habitat III as a <u>first review point</u> to discuss and (re-)negotiate implementing provisions, capacity building and funding mechanisms
- 2016 onwards: Strengthening of the enabling environment to achieve SDG through a combination of <u>fact finding</u> <u>studies</u>, <u>pilot actions</u> and <u>evidence based advocacy</u>

# Cities in the multi-level system of governance

SDG and Habitat are already changing the actor constellation





## Global Taskforce of Local and Regional Governments for Post-2015 Agenda towards Habitat III

#### LOCAL AND REGIONAL GOVERNMENT MEMBERS

UCLG - World Organization of United Cities and Local Governments and its Thematic

**Committees** 

UNACLA - United Nations Advisory Committee for Local Authorities

ICLEI - Local Governments for Sustainability

AIMF - International Association of Francophone Mayors

ATO - Arab Towns Organization

CLGF - Commonwealth Local Government Forum

**MERCOCIUDADES - Network of cities of Mercosur** 

Nrg4SD - Network of Regional Governments for Sustainability

FOGAR - Forum of Regions of UCLG
METROPOLIS - Metropolitan Section of UCLG

CEMR-CCRE - Council of European Municipalities and Regions

UCLG-ASPAC - Asia Pacific Section of UCLG UCLG-Euro-Asia - Euro-Asian Section of UCLG

UCLG-MEWA, - Middle East and West Asia Section of UCLG

UCLG-NORAM - North American Section of UCLG

FLACMA - Latin American Federation of Municipalities and Local Government Associations

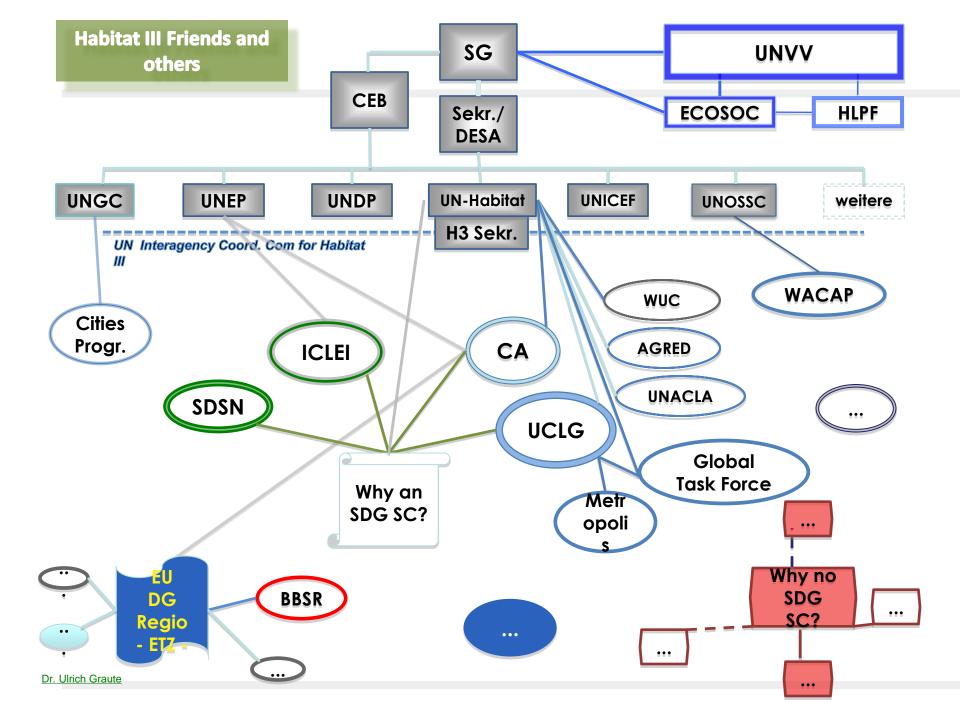
UCLGA - UCLG Africa

CUF - Cités Unies France

FMDV - Global fund for cities development

#### PARTNERS OF LOCAL AND REGIONAL GOVERNMENTS

CITIES ALLIANCE, DeLog, European Commission, French Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Habitat for Humanity, HLP Post 2015, Huairou Commission, ILO, Millennium Campaign, One UN Secretariat, Slum Dwellers International, SUEZ, UN-Habitat, UNCDF, UNDP, UNESCO, UNICEF, World Urban Campaign.



If

'The road to global sustainability runs through the world's cities and towns'\*, then it is up to UN-Habitat and its partners to act as competent tour guides and coordinator along this part of the road.

\* Quotation: SG Ban Ki-Moon in 2012