

Early Careers, Learned Societies, Publishing and Impact

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Publish or Perish no longer... Now it's –

- Be discoverable or die
- Be visible or vanish
- Be cited or suffer





Two elements:

- 1. Making freely available online to read
- 2. Making content reusable by third parties with little or no restrictions

Gold Open Access

Publication of the final article (Version of Record) Article is made freely available online (often after payment of an article publishing charge (APC).



Green Open Access

Usually refers to archiving/deposit of an (earlier version of an) article in a repository





- Jul 2012 Research Councils UK (RCUK) / Wellcome Trust (WT) OA policies
- June 2013 WT expand OA policy to include monographs
- RCUK mandate in place since April 2013
 - Gold preferred, though choice of Gold / Green rests with author / institution
- Summer 2014: HEFCE policy from 2016
 - o **Green** OA dominates, with Author Manuscript version to be deposited to a repository within 3 months of acceptance (closed deposits made openly available after embargo are acceptable)
- No firm policy around monographs

OA in Europe

Horizon 2020

- o Ca €80 billion in funds; APC funds made available as part of research grant
- o Gold or Green OA with 6 / 12 month embargoes permitted
 - Machine readable articles / related data must be deposited in a repository
 - OA 'strongly encouraged' for monographs, proceedings and grey literature
- Most member states prefer Green OA at present except
 - \circ UK
 - Austria tending towards Gold OA as part of Sales arrangements
 - Netherlands a notable exception
 - Sander Dekker, Deputy Minister for Education, Culture and Science advocates for Gold OA in a letter to the Hague (November 2013)

Science 2.0 in 2020-30

Need for scientists to communicate to a wider audience



Scholarly Publishing Today

1.5 million articles published p.a. in around 27,000 peer-reviewed journals

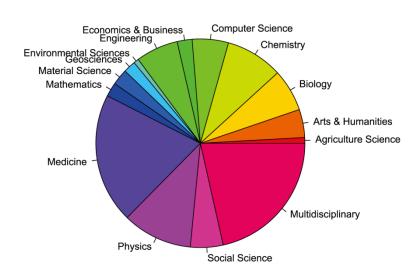
125,000 editors, 350,000 board members, 2.5m referees and **12m authors**

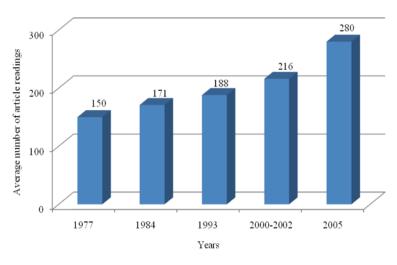
Average US researcher reads 280 articles p.a.

Articles per researcher are down \(\sigma\)

Authors per article are up ↗

Article numbers are **growing by 3.26%** each year (doubling every 20 years)





ORCID



DISTINGUISH YOURSELF IN THREE EASY STEPS



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Enhance your ORCID record with your professional information and link to your other identifiers (such as Scopus or ResearcherID or LinkedIn).



Include your ORCID identifier on your Webpage, when you submit publications, apply for grants, and in any research workflow to ensure you get credit for your work.

Writing your article

30% OF AUTHORS WRITE FOR A SPECIFIC JOURNAL 70% WRITE AND THEN ASK, WHERE SHALL I PUBLISH?

MAKE SURE YOU ARE IN THE 30%!!





Join the conversation – have something to say

REMEMBER!

YOU ARE JOINING A CONVERSATION, SO MAKE SURE YOU HAVE SOMETHING "UNIQUE" TO SAY



Helping your article – the quick wins

BE DISCOVERABLE

- _ TITLE
- _ ABSTRACT
- **KEYWORDS**
- **AUTHOR E-PRINTS USUALLY 50 COPIES**
- **EMAIL SIGNATURE**
- READING LIST MAKE YOUR ARTICLE STUDENT ESSENTIAL READING
- LIBRARY RECOMMENDATION FOR JOURNAL OR BOOK
- VIDEO ABSTRACT (VIDEO OR VANISH?)

Helping yourself with social media

Social media and online sharing – (SEE KUDOS)

BUILD YOUR COMMUNITY

Always give the link to the version of record on the publishers' site so that you capture the download figures

- o Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn, personal wiki page
- Your departmental website
- **Blog** see TanF guidelines
- Use academic social networking sites e.g. academia.edu
- Use Citeulike to share your article and reading lists
- Use discussion list
- + Take flyers to hand out at conferences for books and articles
- + Consider press release (often not appropriate)

and TALK TO YOUR LEARNED SOCIETY AND PUBLISHER, we want to help!

Citations and raising profile

Impact Factors continue to be the top benchmark of an individual journal's success

BUT, THAT IS CHANGING:

More metric systems in the online journals world

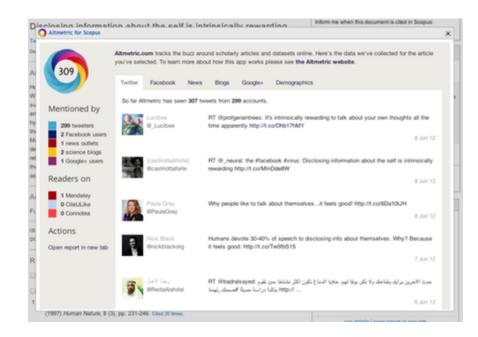
Increasingly, authors will be judged on their own citation rate



Altmetrics

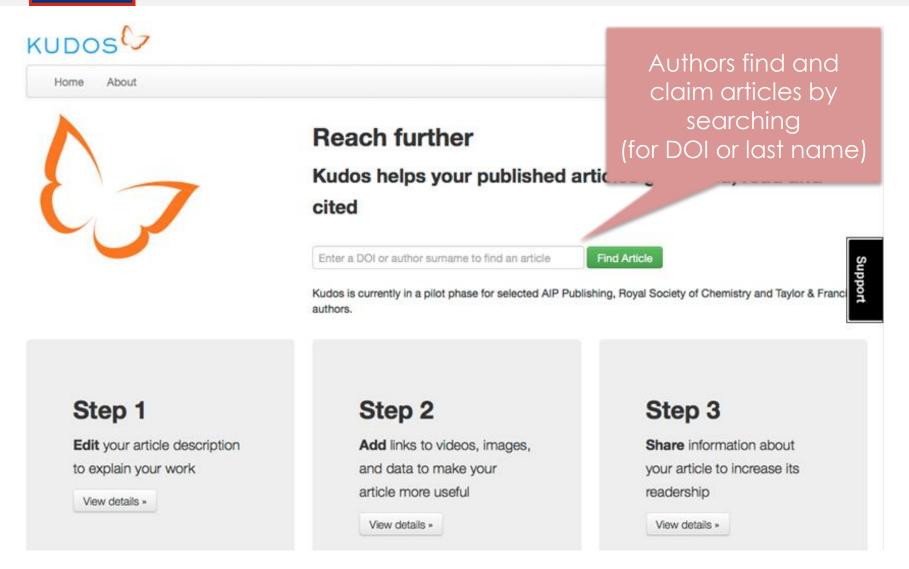
Altmetric tracks the attention that scholarly articles and datasets receive online, and specifically via:

- Social media like Twitter, Facebook, Google+, Pinterest and blogs
- Traditional media both mainstream (The Guardian, New York Times) and science specific (New Scientist, Scientific American). Many nonenglish language titles are covered.
- Online reference managers like Mendeley and CiteULike





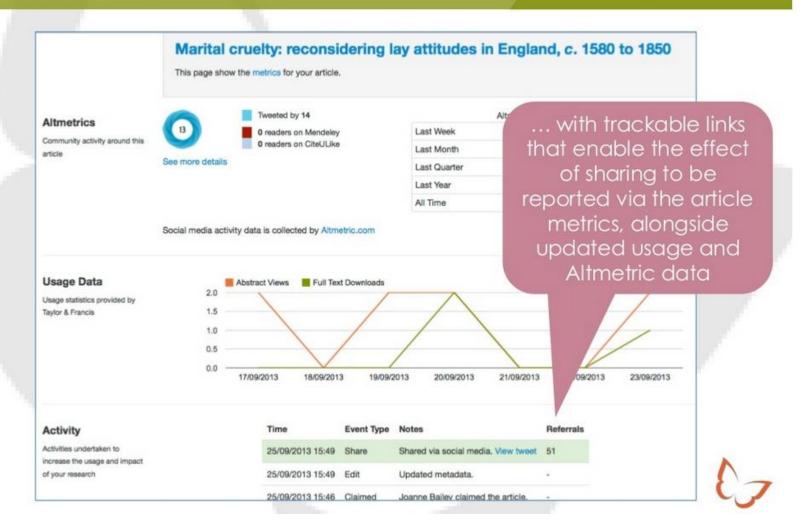
GrowKudos



What happens when I "social media"?

Seeing the effect







The end of the line?

Of course not – see --

- ImpactStory
- JournalGuide
- Portable reviews Rubriq o Pre-Val
- Crowdsource reviews emerging like Trip Advisor
- Storify
- Supplementary material for your article soon on RSA journals with Figshare





Regional Studies, Regional Science

Almost 1 year old

Publishers delighted with the launch

Has published

- 1 Editorial
- 8 full articles
- 8 Early Career articles
- 2 regional graphics
- 4 comments

Highest downloaded article 2,569 downloads

Highest downloaded article with commentaries has had **4,711** downloads

Average number of downloads is 667 – FAR higher than for the vast majority of hybrid journals

11 weeks average time from online submission to publication



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Thank you

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